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Well Child Visit Priorities and Anticipatory Guidance

The following content has been adapted with permission from *Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents, 4th Edition* (Copyright ©2008 American Academy of Pediatrics). Recommendations in this publication do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or exclusive standard of care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate. Provider should make a decision based on assessment of needs, observations, and best clinical judgment. For more information about age-specific recommendations visit the <u>Bright Futures website</u>. Where State law and regulations are in effect they supersede other guidelines as the required standard.

For each well child visit, tools are available to elicit parent concerns, document the visit, guide the administration of universal and selective screenings, and complement anticipatory guidance provided during the visit. Many such tools from the Bright Futures Tool and Resource Kit are available through the website link. Tools and materials are available for download for review and reference purposes only. To incorporate forms into an Electronic Medical Record System or to make multiple copies of specific items, a complete Tool and Resource Kit is available for purchase from the AAP Bookstore. Providers are not required to purchase these tools.

HFS' recommendations for minimal area(s) to be addressed are included in the *Bright Futures*, *4th Ed.* guidelines. There are some areas that should be assessed initially and then visited only periodically or if the family has moved or otherwise changed.

At Every Visit

Providers should:

- Elicit concerns of parent(s)/caregiver(s) and the child when age-appropriate.
- Conduct health supervision, including taking a comprehensive health history, observing parent-child interaction, conducting an unclothed physical exam, and administering appropriate immunizations and screening tests.
- Provide anticipatory guidance and health education.
- Consider opportunities to refer to available community resources, such as WIC, Family Case Management (FCM), Early Head Start/Head Start, Home Visiting, Part C Early Intervention (EI), Part B Special Education (via schools), etc.

Trauma Informed Medical Home Information and Resources

The <u>National Institute of Mental Health</u> defines childhood trauma as emotionally painful or distressful childhood experience (s) which result in mental and physical sequelae. An easy way to remember this is to think of the three "E's" – *Event*, child's *Experience* of event and *Effect* of the event on the child's life.

A goal of pediatric providers should be to ensure that children and families who experience trauma have access to quality treatment and support. One way to accomplish this goal is to make sure that the practice providing care is trauma-informed. Trauma-informed organizations and programs are those that create and use practices based on an understanding of vulnerabilities of trauma survivors that traditional service delivery approaches may not appreciate. According to the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's (SAMHSA) National Center for Trauma-Informed Care, trauma-informed organizations provide services that are supportive while avoiding re-traumatization. A trauma-informed program has assessed its organization, management, and service delivery system and modified policies, procedures, and practice to include a basic understanding of how trauma affects the life of an individual seeking or using services. A trauma-informed medical home has addressed these same elements to ensure appropriate response to victimized children and families in a safe and secure space.

Medical Implications of Trauma for Children and Their Families

According to the <u>Illinois Childhood Trauma Coalition (ICTC)</u>, childhood trauma may disrupt a child's normal development and potentially lead to physical, emotional, cognitive, behavioral and social problems. Research teaches us a lot about implications of childhood trauma. For example, the <u>Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study (pdf)</u> examined the childhood origins of many of our nation's leading health and social problems. The key concept underlying the study is that stressful or traumatic childhood experiences such as abuse, neglect, witnessing domestic violence, prolonged absence of a significant person (e.g. military service or incarceration), living in a home where there are substance abuse issues, mental illness, parental discord, or crime correlate with an increased adult risk of unhealthy behaviors, violence, re-victimization, disease, disability and premature mortality. For example, the ACE Study found that a person with an ACE score of four (indicating 4 Adverse Childhood Experiences) is 390% more likely to have chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and 460% more likely to be depressed than someone with a score of 0. Left untreated, ACE can lead to a lifetime of distress and the potential for early death.

Medical Response Best Practice

Many children and families seen by pediatric providers have been through difficult situations and events. Through embracing trauma-informed best practices, whether it be in a brief interaction or an intensive clinical intervention, medical homes are in a unique position to

work with traumatized children and families to help them begin to heal and create strength and resilience. There are many actions medical homes can take to make their practices trauma-informed. The <u>National Child Traumatic Stress Network</u> provides details to develop a service system with a trauma-informed perspective.

Resources and References

The Health and Social Impact Study (pdf)

Child Trauma Academy website

<u>Child Sex Abuse Prevention and Protection Center</u> – includes resources for use in practice, such as "Warning Signs of Sexual Abuse" and "Nine Questions to Ask When Selecting a Program for Your Child"

Domestic Violence - Prevention and Intervention

• Website: Domestic Violence – Prevention and Intervention website

• Phone: 1-877-TO END DV (1-877-863-6338)

• TTY: 1-877-863-6339

<u>ICAAP - Illinois PROTECT (Promoting Resiliency of Trauma-Exposed Communities Together)</u>

The International Society for Traumatic Stress Studies

The National Child Traumatic Stress Network

Care Coordination Information and Resources

Care coordination is not consistently defined by various organizations and researchers that have addressed the topic. However, the <u>National Coalition on Care Coordination (N3C)</u> definition is commonly used. It describes care coordination as, "a client-centered, assessment-based interdisciplinary approach to integrating health care and social support services in which an individual's needs and preferences are assessed, a comprehensive care plan is developed, and services are managed and monitored by an identified care coordinator following evidence-based standards of care."

Additional information regarding Illinois-specific care coordination resources can be accessed using the following:

HFS' Care Coordination Program website

In response to Medicaid Reform and the new era in care management, Illinois is expanding its managed care programs to include managed care entities. Care coordination will be provided to most Medicaid clients by these new managed care entities.

Statewide Provider Database (SPD) Informational Brochure (pdf)

The SPD is an online resource for service and program information throughout Illinois. This online database includes comprehensive information on services throughout Illinois covering mental health, substance abuse, parenting, domestic violence, early childhood, health clinics, non-clinical services (e.g., after-school, recreational programs, tutoring, mentoring, vocational programs), and homelessness resources.

Statewide Provider Database Login website

School Health and Nursing Services

The Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) employs a Registered Nurse to provide consultation on school health services and other health issues. The ISBE school directory includes contact information for each of the state's public schools. It also maintains a database of school employees, including nurses. For contact information for the school health services coordinator at any public school district, contact ISBE at 312-814-5560 and ask for the school nurse consultant.

Standardized Illinois Early Intervention Referral Form (pdf)

For making referrals to DHS's Early Intervention program; consent is HIPAA and FERPA compliant so that providers making the referral receive information about the outcome of the referral.

Illinois Early Intervention Program Referral Fax Back Form (pdf)

Providers who initiated a referral to EI using the Standardized Illinois Early Intervention Referral Form will receive the referral fax back form from the local Early Intervention Child and Family Connections office. This form is not completed by the referring provider; it is a report back from EI regarding the outcome of the referral made by the provider.

Early Intervention Care Coordination Provider Toolkit

The toolkit provides a referral resource for enhancing care coordination among primary care medical homes, early intervention service providers, and community service providers that work with Illinois children and their families.

Breastfeeding Information and Resources

Information and best practices around breastfeeding as can be found in the <u>Illinois Physicians' Statement on Breastfeeding</u> (pdf) for the State of Illinois. To learn more, download the complete policy statement and list of references from the <u>Illinois Physicians' Statement on Breastfeeding</u> (pdf) website or view a presentation on the <u>ICAAP Illinois Physicians Statement on Breastfeeding Webinar website</u> about these recommendations.

Breastfeeding provides recognized health benefits for both mother and child. Infants that are formula fed are at risk for increased incidence of numerous infectious childhood diseases, Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), type 1 and 2 diabetes, and childhood obesity.

According to the most recent Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Maternity Practices in Infant Nutrition and Care (mPINC) survey, Illinois ranks 31st among all states in terms of maternity practices related to infant feeding and care. Additional action is needed within the state of Illinois to advance breastfeeding as the normal feeding practice for infants and young children and to meet the Healthy People 2020 goals for increasing the proportion of infants who are breastfed.

Breastfeeding Resources

Chicago Area Breastfeeding Coalition website
Chicago Region Breastfeeding Task Force website
International Lactation Consultant Association website
La Leche League of Illinois website
Illinois WIC - General Information website
Illinois State Breastfeeding Taskforce - breastfeeding laws website
United States Breastfeeding Committee

Mental Health Screening and Referral Resources

General Information

Illinois children enrolled in the Department's Medical Programs are eligible for comprehensive mental health services, if medically indicated. The Department and the IDHS, Division of Mental Health, have collaborated to develop a system to ensure that children in need of mental health services will be appropriately referred and assessed for mental health treatment.

The *Mental Health Screen* is for use with children ages 3 through 20. There are recommended questions that will enable the provider to complete the *Healthy Kids Mental Health Screen*. Each of the questions is general in nature and is offered as an illustrative example of the information sought. It is suggested that the interviewer modify the question as indicated by the age of the child and understanding of the informant.

The questions should assist the evaluator in determining whether cognitive functioning/mental status is age-appropriate, whether:

- Behavior is appropriate (such as goal-directed with response to controls).
- Affect is appropriate.

Previous mental health treatment should be recorded on the *Healthy Kids Mental Health Screen* form. The back of the *Healthy Kids Mental Health Screen* form contains a section relating to the child's medical history, which may impact mental health or emotional development.

It is important to note that the guidelines regarding maltreatment **do not** suggest that in the event the provider/evaluator learns of, or suspects current maltreatment, that the provider is removed from professional responsibility for reporting abuse of neglect in lieu of making a referral to the Mental Health provider. All suspected abuse or neglect should be immediately reported to: 1-800-25ABUSE

When completing a referral to the Mental Health provider, please keep in mind that the provider's task is to identify behaviors and concerns that will assist the mental health professional in understanding the nature of the child's problem. Whenever the parent/caregiver, child or provider perceive a problem to be in existence and outside a "normal range" in extent or intensity, mark all behaviors/symptoms that apply.

The Healthy Kids Mental Health Screen (form HFS 3411B) can be ordered online via the HFS Paper Medical Forms Request webpage. Providers may also mail or fax an HFS Form 1517 (pdf) (R-9-06) to the HFS Warehouse to order a supply:

Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services 2946 Old Rochester Road Springfield, Illinois 62703-5659 Fax: 217-557-6800

rax. 217-337-6600

Referrals under the EPSDT program require that the provider:

- Obtain written consent of the parent/guardian to release information to the mental health service provider.
- Make contact with an approved Mental Health Service Provider and set an appointment.
- Communicate with the child and Parent/Guardian, the appointment time and location before they leave your office following the screening.
- Send copies of your Mental Health Screen to the referral source.
- Receive from the referral source within a reasonable amount of time (e.g. ten days following the appointment date) notification as to the disposition (show/no show) of the appointment, including any preliminary diagnosis and recommendations.

The Mental Health Provider will, with the written permission of the parent/guardian:

- Receive the referral.
- Notify physician if the appointment was not kept and has been re-scheduled. If the child has an identified case manager, the case manager should be notified for the purpose of follow-up.
- Assess the client.
- Provide continuing feedback to the referring physician as indicated (e.g., significant changes in the treatment plans, if hospitalized, referred for residential treatment, medication changes).

Healthy Kids Mental Health Screen

Recommended Questions to Assess Checklist Indicators (Ages 3 through 20).

In order to accurately complete the Healthy Kids Mental Health Screening form, the following simplified questions covering the specific areas of concern may be helpful to the screener. Although these are written questions to be asked of the parent/guardian, they can easily be adapted to first person for older children and adolescents. It is helpful to have the parent or child/adolescent provide examples (specific situations). Age appropriateness should be considered for all question asked.

Introductory Questions: Do you have concerns about this child? What concerns you most about this child? (These questions might give you an indication of what areas on the Mental Health Screen should be more closely explored.)

Thinking

- 1. **Delusions** Does your child: have "unusual" thoughts or behaviors that concern you or tend to be different from what most other children his age believes; believe that he has some unusual ability or power (not related to his age or developmental period)?
- 2. **Hallucinations** Does your child hear, see, taste, touch or smell things that are not really there?
- 3. **Paranoia** Is your child overly suspicious of others, or does he feel that others are out to get him?

- 4. **Obsessive Ideation** Does your child: seem to think about or talk about the same thing most of the time; seem to be preoccupied with things such as death, sex, bodily functions, extreme cleanliness, or other things that are unusual for someone his age.
- 5. **Frequent Memory Loss** Does your child often tend to forget things most other children his age would remember that is not related to discipline or punishment?
- 6. Confusion Does your child often seem to be confused, have difficulty following or understanding simple directions, or seem easily frustrated by instructions/directions?
- 7. **Easily Distracted** When your child is working on something, does your child have trouble staying on task? Is she/he bothered or distracted by sounds or things in his/her environment?
- 8. **Difficulty Concentrating** Does your child: often begin things and fail to finish them; have difficulty in finishing one thing prior to beginning another; move from activity to activity without apparent purpose?

Feeling

- 1. **Depressed Mood** (Sad) Does your child seem too often be irritable, depressed or sad? Has your child lost interest in things he used to enjoy?
- 2. **Inappropriate Affect** Does your child seem, without a reason, to often be happier and more energetic than most children his age or, be sad or angry when there seems no reason to be?
- 3. **Anxiety, Agitation** Does your child appear to be worried, frightened, nervous or upset easily or often?
- 4. Anger Is your child often easily angered or seem too often be mad?
- Apathy Does your child show a lack of interest in things he once enjoyed? Describe onset.
- 6. **Low Self-Esteem** Does your child think he is less important, not as pretty or smart as other kids his/her age
- 7. **Self-Critical** Does your child say things that "puts himself down"?
- 8. **Cries Excessively** Does your child cry often over little things or for no apparent reason?
- 9. **Cries too little** Does your child not cry when you think he should?
- 10. **Emotionless**, **Flat Affect** Does your child fail to show feelings such as sadness, happiness or anger as often as other children his age?
- 11. Feels Out of Control Does your child act as though he is losing control of what he says, does or thinks? Does he say he fears losing control or "going crazy"?

Behavior

- 1. **Intentionally Hurts others** Does your child seem to intentionally hurt others? How often? In what ways?
- 2. **Self-Destructive** Does your child intentionally do things to hurt himself? Does he often engage in dangerous or "risky" behaviors that might lead to injury or trouble? Have marks or bruises on herself that you suspect are self-inflicted?
- 3. **Intentionally Hurts Animals** Does your child do things to intentionally hurt animals?

- 4. Sexually Victimizes Others Has your child forced/made others do sexual things?
- 5. **Sets Fires** Does your child play with fire or been known to set fires? Explain.
- 6. **Compulsive Behavior** Does your child do the same thing repeatedly or not seem able to stop an activity or behavior once it is started?
- 7. **Destructive Behavior** Does your child destroy other people's things on purpose? His own things?
- 8. **Overreacts** Do little things bother your child to the point where he responds more strongly than other children?
- 9. **Overactive** Does your child appear to often have trouble sitting still when compared to other children his age?
- 10. **Listless** Does your child seem to easily lose interest or energy for doing things?
- 11. **Argumentative** Does your child often argue or disagree with others?
- 12. **Refuses to Talk** Does your child refuse to talk (or ignore people) when spoken to?

Social Interaction

1. Home Problems:

- a. Does your child have relationship problems with parents/guardians?
- b. Does your child have more problems with siblings than most children?
- c. Does your child have problems with others living in your house or other relatives?

2. Community Interaction:

- a. Has your child stolen on more than one occasion?
- b. Does your child lie often?
- c. Has your child come into contact with the police because of his behavior? Is he on probation, court supervision or parole?
- 3. **Defies Authority** Does your child have trouble getting along with people in authority (teachers, police, parents, etc.)?
- 4. **Friendless, Isolated** Does your child complain of not having friends, of others "picking on" him or does he play alone most of the time?
- 5. **Immature** Does your child often act like children of a much younger age?
- 6. **Excessive Clinging** Does your child show excessive fear when strangers are around? Refuse to stay with babysitters? Cling to you often?
- 7. **Withdrawn/Unresponsive** Does your child: prefer to play with things rather than people; ignore others even when spoken to? Have there been any recent changes in the way your child interacts with others including less involvement with others? Has your child's ability or willingness to communicate/talk with others changed recently?
- 8. **Inattentive** Does your child seem to ignore things taking place around him?

9. School Problems:

- a. Does your child have many fights at school?
- b. Is (has) your child failing in school? Are your child's grades much lower than he is capable of?
- c. Has your child been expelled/suspended from school for behavior?

- d. Is your child absent from school often? Does your child refuse to attend school? Does your child skip school (truancy)?
- e. Is your child in a special education class for behavioral or emotional problems?
- f. Does the child's age minus his grade equal 5 or 6? If not, does it indicate the child is below his normal grade level in school? If so, why?

<u>Age</u>		<u>Minus</u>		
		Grade Leve	<u>əl</u>	Grade Equivalent
10	-	6	=	4 (age appropriate)
10	-	2	=	8 (not age appropriate)

Physical Problems: Before checking any of these, the physician should rule out any physical disorders, which could account for the problem.

- 1. Eating Disorders Does your child do any of the following:
 - a. Refuse to eat often?
 - b. Often overeat?
 - c. Vomit often following a meal?
 - d. Have diarrhea often?
 - e. Complain often of stomachache?
- 2. **Sleeping Disorders** Does your child do any of the following:
 - a. Have difficulty falling asleep?
 - b. Have difficulty staying asleep?
 - c. Feel tired most every day?
 - d. Sleep walk?
 - e. Have bad dreams or nightmares frequently?
 - f. Cannot be awakened from a bad dream?
 - g. Snore a lot?
 - h. Move violently, jerk, twitch or grind teeth during the night?
- 3. **Enuresis** Does your child wet the bed at night or his clothing during the day?
- 4. **Encopresis** Does your child soil his pants in bed or during the day?
- 5. Frequent Somatic Complaints Does your child often complain of body pains or of being sick?
- 6. **Drastic Weight Change** Has your child gained or lost a lot of weight lately? (More than 10% of his body weight?)
- 7. **Lethargic** Does your child appear to be often tired or have little energy?

The screener should provide comments for any item checked in this section in the Comment section on the backside of the form.

The following information may be obtained by interview or observation:

Life Changes (Stressors) (Last Year)

Victimized/Neglect – physical, sexual, financial (robbery, etc.), emotional, abuse or neglect (provide comments). Examples:

- Death of Family Member or close friend indicate relationship
- New School change of school (indicate number of changes in past three years)

- Loss of Relationship indicate relationship and cause
- Serious Illness/Injury of self or family member (indicate nature of illness or injury)
- Incarceration of Parent Parent or guardian placed in jail or prison
- Loss of Job self or family member (indicate impact on family)
- Economic Loss fire, accident, repossession, etc.
- Residence include foster placement, moves (indicate number)
- Witnessed a Violent Crime personally viewed the commission of a crime of violence or the injuries/death of the victim shortly thereafter or exposure to crime of violence in parent, caregiver or sibling?

Suicide Ideation

- 1. **Ideation/Plan** Is your child talking to you about ending his life, or wishing he were never alive or born, or about life being hopeless, of wanting to do serious self-harm? Does he talk about death often? Has your child ever spoken of a plan to kill himself? If so; how, when, and where has he indicated he will do it?
- 2. **Gestures** Have there been suicidal gestures (threats, notes, scratches on wrists, etc.) within the past year. Has your child done anything else that makes you think he seriously wants to end his life?
- 3. **Attempts** Have there been attempts (overdoses, hanging, etc.) that were unsuccessful anytime during his life? Has your child ever intentionally harmed himself?

The screener should comment on any suicidal indications in the Comment section on the back of the form.

Substance Abuse

Do you suspect your child has experimented with drugs or alcohol? What makes you think that? What drugs and alcohol usage has occurred, if any? Indicate types, amounts and frequency.

Medical Issues

Is there a significant illness or injury in the child's medical history that you feel affects his mental/emotional health? (Indicate medical diagnoses, current medications, hospitalizations, major illnesses, surgeries, severe injuries, significant developmental delays, out-of-home placements and significant family crises.)

Abuse/Neglect

Is there anything that causes you to suspect child abuse or neglect? (Specify) Report immediately 1-800-25-ABUSE

Healthy Kids Mental Health Screening Tool Ages 3 Through 20 Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services

Child	Parent/Caregiver	Screener
Name	Name	Name
Birth Date		Physician
Age	Address	Clinic
Grade	D I	Address
Medicaid No	Phone	Phone
Based on age appropriaten instructed. Make a referral f	child, parent/guardian, and cheess, mark those that are current for a Mental Health Assessment fuctions.) STOP! If the child has tment do not continue.	ly indicated unless otherwise when necessary. (Refer to
	quire an immediate referral. R GUARDIAN REQUESTS A RE about this child? What about thi	
Thinking	Behaviors	Feels Out of Control
Delusions	Destructive	None of the Above
Hallucinations	Behaviors	140116 01 1116 715046
Paranoia	Overreacts	Life Changes (past
Obsessive Ideation		<u> </u>
	Overactive	year)
Frequent Memory	Listless	Victimized/Neglect
Loss	Argumentative	Death of Family
Confusion	Refuses to Talk	Member
Easily Distracted	None of the Above	New School
Difficulty		Lost Relationship
Concentrating	Feeling	Serious Illness/Injury
None of the Above	Depressed Mood	Incarceration of a
	(Sad or irritable)	Parent
Behavior	Inappropriate Affect	Loss of Job
Intentionally Hurts	Anxiety, Agitation	Economic Loss
Others	Anger	Residence
Self-Destructive	Apathy	Witnessed a Violent
Intentionally Hurts	Low Self-Esteem	Crime
Animals	Self-Critical	None of the Above
Sexually Victimizes	Cries Excessively	110110 01 1110 / 10010
Others	Cries Too Little	Physical (Rule out
Sets Fires		physical disorder)
Compulsive	Emotionless, Flat Affect	Eating Disorder
COMPUSIVE	Allect	caund Disorder

(Specify)	Siblings	(Provide narrative under
Sleep Disorder	Others	comments)
(Specify)	Community	·
Enuresis	Interaction	Chronic Conditions
Encopresis	Stealing	Diabetes
Frequent Somatic	Chronic Lying	Heart Condition
Complaints	Police Involved	Asthma
Drastic Weight	Defies Authority	Tuberculosis
Change	Friendless, Isolated	Urinary Tract
Lethargic	Immature	Condition
None of the Above	Excessive Clinging	Anemia
	Withdrawn/	Cancer
	Unresponsive	G.I. Condition
	Inattentive	Other (specify)
Suicide Assessment	School Problems	()
(N/A)	Excessive	Health History
Ideation/ Plan	Fighting	Major Surgery
(current)	Failure, Grades	(specify)
Gestures (past	Expulsion	Head Injury
year)	Truancy	(medically
Attempts (during	Special Ed.	evaluated)
lifetime)	(Behavior/	Other Injury
	Emotional	Medical
Comment on back for	Problems)	Hospitalization
any item checked	Child's Age	(past 3 years)
under Physical or	(Minus) Grade = 5 or 6	
Suicide.	None of the Above	Family Situation
		Out of Home
Substance Abuse	Medical Issues: Mark	Placement
<u>(N/A)</u>	any of the following that	Family History of
Drug of Choice	are applicable.	Mental Illness
Amount		Family History of
Frequency	Has the child ever or do	Substance Abuse
	they currently have any	Child or Family
Social	of the following:	Received
Problems at home		Counseling (past 3
Parents		years)
Psychiatric Hospitalization d	uring the past three yearsc	childfamily member.
List other Medical Conditio	ns that may impact mental or e	motional development: Is the

child currently on **Medication**? If so, specify medication and dosages:

Comments: (comment on all items checked under "Physical" or "Suicide")

Suspected Child **Abuse** and **Neglect** must be reported to DCFS immediately! **1-800-25ABUSE.**

Recommended Services:

The Physician conducting the Healthy Kids Mental Health Screen:

- 1. Makes an appointment with a Mental Health provider when indicated. The appointment should be made while the child is at your office and the information about the appointment should be given to the parent/caregiver.
- 2. Sends a copy of this form to the Mental Health provider.

Referr	al 10
Date _	Time
Date F	Participant Notified of Appointment
By Wh	om
conser 1. S 2.	ental Health Provider conducting the mental health assessment, with the signed of the parent/guardian: Sends a copy of this form to the referring physician once the assessment has been completed indicating recommended services. Informs the referring physician of the missed or rescheduled appointments. Reports the client's progress, change in treatment plans on a quarterly basis unticase closure.
To be physic	completed by the Mental Health Provider Only and returned to the referring ian.
Date o	f Assessment
Diagno	osis

Substance Abuse Screening and Referral Resources

Substance Abuse Screen Instructions

The screen can be administered by virtually anyone who knows the patient, like the parent or another significant person in the patient's life; or a person who has a professional relationship with the patient, such as a nurse or other physician's office personnel. The screen is not a diagnostic tool. Rather it provides a way to capture some vital information that can be used to either confirm, or dispel, the possibility of a substance abuse problem with the young person under consideration.

With the exception of the items in **bold print**, no single response has much meaning in, and of, itself. It is a series of responses that present a pattern, no matter how slight, of attitudes and behaviors, which lead the screener to feel that more information is needed. The screening process will not confirm the existence of a substance abuse problem, but it will give sufficient support for a recommendation that the client see a substance abuse professional for a formal, clinical evaluation.

It is important for the screener to remember that the earlier a problem is identified, the earlier a serious intervention can begin. Substance abuse that is caught early is very treatable. Like most diseases, however, if left untreated, the costs, both personal and financial, grow considerably.

Guidelines to Each Section

Thinking: How the patient processes information is the focus of this section. Everyone will get confused at times and at times, forget things. That is normal. What is being assessed is a pattern of thought processes that are significantly different from other young people. In other words, does the patient usually process information normally, or is he/she usually confused, distracted, and disoriented?

Life Style Changes: No single item means a problem in isolation. If a pattern of responses is noted however, the screener should begin to consider the possibility of dysfunctional living. Combinations of these elements present a set of characteristics that are common to many youthful substance abusers.

Temperament: There is no need to be concerned with the occasional or sporadic flash of temper. All young people get frustrated from time to time and that frustration often takes the form of anger or a negative attitude. In this section, the screener is trying to find out if the young person shows these negative behaviors or attitudes represent a change from the way the patient used to be. Many times this will be noted when a parent says something like "I just don't know what's the matter with him/her anymore. He/She used to be such a nice boy/girl."

Social: This is the area that the patient and the family often have the hardest time

talking about. Many things influence the environment in which the patient lives. If those environmental factors reflect negatively on the parents, they do not surface easily. For example, if the parents are problem drinkers, or if they do drugs themselves, it will be difficult for them to admit that their behavior has a negative impact on the rest of the family. Also, as young people mature, their peer relationships change. This is normal. However, if the young patient now rejects, or is rejected by the friends he/she once had and if the new friends tend to be secretive or reluctant to share what they do with others, especially with adults, it might indicate that the patient's new constellation of friends belong to the marginal sub-culture associated with drug use. With young people, the old adage that, "you are known by the friends you keep," is very accurate. Again, in this section, the screener is looking for abrupt change and for patterns of signs and symptoms. Any one of the items by itself has little, if any, significance.

Behavior: This section deals with elements that are the most obvious, and the behaviors noted here are the ones most commonly associated with a young person who is attempting to deal with a problem of some type. Those attempts may, or may not, involve drug use. Or, drug use itself may be the problem. Finding out, which came first is not important at this point. The important thing is to note that all of these behaviors tend to be negative and a pattern of even a couple of them is an excellent indicator that some kind of professional involvement is called for. If drug use can be ruled out early, other appropriate help can be provided. If the professional finds substance abuse at this early stage, however, a lot of critical time has been saved and the appropriate treatment can begin sooner, rather than later.

Substance Abuse: Any checked item in this section is an automatic "trigger" to make a referral for a formal, clinical assessment by a substance abuse professional. If the screener notes even one of these examples, the case should be referred for professional interventions. In conclusion, the screener can either write up a brief summary for the physician, or the completed screen can simply be given, without comment, to the doctor for evaluation. In any event, the physician will determine the next step in the patient's care. If a referral is made, the Primary Care Provider, or case manager, if the patient has been assigned one, should see to it that the patient keeps the appointment for a clinical assessment by the substance abuse professional.

Substance Abuse Pre-Assessment Screen

Use and Referral Process

Instructions

To make a referral for clinical assessment of a suspected problem with alcohol or other drug abuse, please administer the attached pre-assessment screen to the patient. The screen is in a simple checklist format and it can be administered by virtually anyone.

When the screen has been completed, review the results. If, in the provider's professional opinion, there is reason to suspect the presence of a substance abuse problem, refer that patient to a substance abuse professional for a clinical assessment. Once completed, that assessment will be returned to the provider for inclusion in the provider's comprehensive evaluation of the patient and patient's confidential medical record.

Decision-Making Regarding Substance Abuse Referrals

Sorting Out the Levels of Risk

Referrals under the EPSDT program require that the physician/provider:

- Obtain written consent of the patient to release information to the substance abuse treatment provider.
- Make contact with an approved substance abuse treatment services provider to arrange an appointment.
- Communicate with the patient and parent, the appointment time and location before they leave the provider's office following the screening.
- Send copies of your Substance Abuse Treatment Screen to the referral source.
- Receive from the referral source within a reasonable amount of time (e.g. ten days following the appointment date) notification as to the disposition (show/no show) of the appointment, including any diagnosis and recommendations.

The substance abuse treatment provider will, with the written permission of the parent: Receive the referral

- Notify the physician if the appointment was not kept and has been re-scheduled.
 If the patient has an identified case manager, the case manager should be notified for the purpose of follow-up.
- Assess the patient
- Provide continuing feedback to the referring physician as indicated (e.g. significant changes in the treatment plans)

Contact Points for Substance Abuse Treatment Services

To arrange for a pre-assessment screening to identify the presence of a substance abuse problem, or to schedule a formal, clinical assessment of your patient by a certified substance abuse professional, please contact an appropriate agency or program.

The Substance Abuse Screening Instrument (HFS 3411D) can be ordered online via the HFS <u>Paper Medical Forms Request webpage</u>. Providers may also mail or fax an <u>HFS Form 1517 (pdf)</u> (R-9-06) to the HFS Warehouse to order a supply:

Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services 2946 Old Rochester Road Springfield, Illinois 62703-5659 Fax: 217-557-6800

Healthy Kids Substance Abuse Screen Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services

I. Patient	
Name	
Medicaid Number	
Birth Date	
Age	
Grade	
II. Parent	III. Screener
Name	Name
	Physician
Address	Clinic
	Address
Phone	Phone
currently receiving treatment for substance Thinking	Involvement in Gang or
Frequent Memory Loss	Gang Activity
Confusion	Temperament
Easily Distracted	P
Difficulty Concentrating	Overly Defensive
	Quick to anger
Life Style Changes	Listless, Uninterested
Change in Croup of Friends	Argumentative
Change in Group of FriendsPoor Personal Hygiene	Cocky, Arrogant "Spaced Out" Much of the Time
Unkempt Appearance	Spaced Out Much of the Time
Drug Oriented Language	Social
Erratic Sleep Patterns	
Poor Eating Habits	Problems at Home
Unfulfilled Promises	Substance Abuse at Home
Excessive Interest in "Hard Rock"	Problems with Neighbors
Music (Heavy Metal, Acid)Cult Activities	Loss of Former Friends School Problems

Disliked by Significant OtherEvidence Peers are Drug InvolvedEvidence of Low Self-Esteem	Suicidal, Ideation of Attempt Avoidance of Parents, Family Members, Authority Figures, Adults Severe Mood Swings		
Behavior Increase in Secretive BehaviorCruel (Hurts Others)Self Hurt (Mutilation, Tattoos)Hurts AnimalsOver Reacts/Under Reacts	Substance Abuse Obviously Intoxicated at TimesPossession of Drug Paraphernalia"Glassy" EyesBlackoutsSigns of IV Drug UseSigns of Nasal Damage from		
Defiant of AuthorityExcuses, Lies HFS 3411D (N-5-93) Psychiatric Hospitalization during the past the	Inhalation, Sniffing or "Snorting"Other Evidence of Drug Use aree yearspatientfamily member		
Substance Abuse Treatment during the past member. List other Medical Conditions that may impact			
Is the patient currently on Medication ? If so, sp	pecify medications and dosages:		
Comments (Substance Abuse):			
Check if Parent Requests a Referral.			

Handbook for Providers of Healthy Kids Services

Suspected Child **Abuse** and **Neglect** must be reported to DCFS immediately! **1-800-25ABUSE**

Chapter HK-200 – Appendices

Recommended Services:

The **Physician** conducting the Healthy Kids Substance Abuse Screen:

- Makes an appointment with a substance abuse treatment provider when indicated while the patient is at your office and the information about the appointment should be given to the parent
- Sends a copy of this form to the substance abuse treatment provider

Referral 10
Date Time
Date Client Notified Of Appointment
By Whom
 The Substance Abuse Provider conducting the substance abuse assessment, with the signed consent of the parent: Sends a copy of this form to the referring physician once the assessment has been completed indicating recommended services Informs the referring physician of the missed or rescheduled appointments Reports the patient's progress or change in treatment plans on a quarterly basis until case closure
To be completed by the Substance Abuse Provider Only and returned to the referring physician.
Date of Assessment
Diagnosis

Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation Resources

Illinois Smoking Cessation Resources

Illinois Tobacco Quitline

Illinois Tobacco Quitline website

• Phone: 1-866-QUIT-YES (1-866-784-8937)

Illinois Tobacco-Free Communities - Illinois Department of Public Health

• Website: Illinois Tobacco-Free Communities website

Smoke-free Illinois - Illinois Department of Public Health

Smoke-free Illinois website

Stop Smoking, American Lung Association in Illinois - Greater Chicago

Stop Smoking, American Lung Association in Illinois website

Smoking Cessation Fact Sheets and Materials

Smoking Cessation - National Institutes of Health

Smoking Cessation website

Smoking Q&A – National Cancer Institute

National Cancer Institute website

Smoking Cessation - American Heart Association

American Heart Association website

Smoking Cessation - National Institutes of Health

• National Institutes of Health website

Tobacco Cessation Guideline – Surgeon General

Surgeon General website

Tobacco Fact Sheets - National Cancer Institute

National Cancer Institute website

Tobacco Cessation Patient Materials - American Academy of Family Physicians

American Academy of Family Physicians website

Freedom from Smoking Online – American Lung Association

American Lung Association website

The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General, 2014

The Health Consequences of Smoking website

Information for Women

National Partnership to Help Pregnant Smokers Quit

National Partnership to Help Pregnant Smokers Quit website

Tobacco Use and Pregnancy – Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website

Information on Secondhand Smoke

Secondhand Smoke – American Cancer Society

American Cancer Society website

Secondhand Smoke Fact Sheet – American Lung Association

American Lung Association website

Smoke-Free Homes – U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

• U.S Environmental Protection Agency website

Resources for Health Professionals

Five Major Steps to Intervention (The 5A's) – Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality website

Smoking Information for Health Professionals - American Cancer Society

American Cancer Society website

Counseling to Prevent Tobacco Use and Tobacco-Caused Diseases – Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality website

Procedure Codes for Approved Risk Assessment Tools

Procedure Description	Recommended CPT Code
Risk Assessment	
Problem-Oriented Screening Instrument for Teenagers (POSIT)	96127
CRAFFT (Car, Relax, Alone, Forget, Friends, Trouble) Screening Tool	96127
Child and Adolescent Depression	96127
Beck Depression Inventory-II (BDI-II)	96127
Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale (CES-D)	96127
Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale for Children (CES-DC)	96127
Patient Health Questionnaire Adolescent Version (PHQ-A)	96127
Patient Health Questionnaire Quick Depression Screen (PHQ-9)	96127
Children's Depression Inventory (CDI)	96127
Reynolds Adolescent Depression Scale (RADS)	96127
Pediatric Symptom Checklist	96127
Maternal (Perinatal) Depression	
Administration and interpretation of health risk assessment	96127 HD
(Postpartum Depression Screening)	
Prenatal care, at risk assessment	H1000
(Prenatal Depression Screening)	
Edinburgh Postpartum Depression Scale (EPDS)	96127 HD
Beck Depression Inventory-II (BDI-II)	H1000/96127 HD
Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale (CES-D)	H1000/96127 HD
Patient Health Questionnaire Quick Depression Screen (PHQ-9)	H1000/96127 HD
Parenting Stress Index (PSI)	H1000/96127 HD
Adolescent Alcohol and Substance Use and Abuse	
Problem-Oriented Screening Instrument for Teenagers (POSIT)	96127
CRAFFT (Car, Relax, Alone, Forget, Friends, Trouble) Screening Tool	96127
Preconception Risk Assessment	
Preconception Risk Assessment & Clinical Guidance Tool (Form HFS 27)	96160

The GAPS Screening Tool is not an approved risk assessment as it is no longer supported by the American Medical Association (AMA) and is not publicly available.

Procedure Codes for Approved Developmental Screening Tools

Developmental assessment tools may be revised to reflect new advances. Revisions to tools listed below are approved for reimbursement by HFS. However, HFS reserves the right to periodically review revisions to previously approved tools to assure they continue to meet the reimbursement approval criteria. If the revised tool does not meet the criteria, HFS can deny approval for reimbursement. HFS will post the rescission of approval on our website at least 180 days prior to initiation of denials.

Providers may request additions to the list of objective developmental tools recognized by HFS for payment. Requests must be submitted using Form HFS 724 (pdf)
"Screening, Assessment and Evaluation Tool Approval Request Form". Providers are strongly encouraged to access the form on-line and to complete the form electronically.

As a best practice strategy, use of a social-emotional screening instrument is recommended.

Tier 1: Developmental Screening and Assessment/Evaluation Tools	Recommended
- Approved for Reimbursement	CPT Code
Procedure Description: Developmental Screening Tools	96110
Ages and Stages Questionnaires (ASQ)	96110
Ages & Stages Questionnaire 4th Edition (ASQ-3)	96110
Ages & Stages Questionnaires: Social-Emotional (ASQ : SE)	96110
Battelle Developmental Inventory Screening Test (BDIST)	96110
Bayley Infant Neurodevelopment Screener (BINS)	96110
Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development 4th Edition (Bayley-III)	96110
- Screening Test	
Brief Infant Toddler Social and Emotional Assessment (BITSEA)	96110
Brigance Early Childhood Screens (0-35 Months, 3-5 Years, K&1)	96110
Chicago Early Developmental Screening Inventory	96110
Developmental Profile II	96110
Developmental Indicators for the Assessment of Learning – Revised	96110
(DIAL-R)	
Developmental Indicators for the Assessment of Learning – 4th Edition	96110
(DIAL-3)	
Early Language Milestone Scales Screen	96110
Early Screening Inventory (ESI)	96110
Early Screening Profiles (ESP)	96110
Eyberg Child Behavior Inventory/Sutter-Eyberg Student Behavior	96110
Family Psychosocial Screening	96110

Infant -Toddler Checklist for Language and Communication Infant-Toddler Symptoms Checklist Infant-Toddler Symptoms Checklist McCarthy Screening Test (MST) McGiffed Checklist for Autism in Toddlers (M-CHAT) Minneapolis Preschool Screening Instrument (MPSI) Parent's Evaluation of Developmental Status (PEDS) Parent's Evaluation of Developmental Status (PEDS) Parent's Evaluation of Developmental Status - Developmental Milestones (PEDS:DM) Parents' Observation of Infants and Toddlers (POINT) Pediatric Symptom Checklist (PSC) Project Memphis DST Revised Developmental Screening Inventory Perioted Memphis DST Revised Developmental Screening Inventory Revised Parent Developmental Questionnaire Procedure Description: Developmental Assessment/Evaluation Temperament and Atypical Behavior Scale (TABS) Screener Procedure Description: Developmental Assessment/Evaluation Tools Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Achenbach Child Behavior Checklist - Preschool Module (ASEBA) Beill Battelle Developmental Inventory (BDI) Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development III Brigance Inventory of Early Childhood - Clinical Form Beill Brigance Inventory of Early Childhood - Clinical Form Beill Brigance Inventory of Early Childhood Seasesment (ITSEA) Beill Brigance Inventory Seale	Infant Development Inventory (IDI)	96110
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	Vineland Social Maturity Scale	96111

Please note, the following Tier 2 tool(s) were removed from the Tier 1 approved list. To allow time for transition, providers have 12 months following the removal date to continue using the tool. Thereafter, providers must not submit claims for reimbursement based on use of unapproved tools.

Tier 2: Developmental Screening Tools –	Removal Date	HFS Reimbursement
Removed from Tier 1 Approved List	Removal Date	Ends
Denver DST/Denver II	January 2015	December 2015
Developmental Assessment/Evaluation		
Tools – Removed from Tier 1 Approved		
List		
N/A		

Early Intervention Program and Other Developmental Resources Illinois Department of Human Services

For Early Intervention address information see the <u>DHS Early Intervention website</u>. To order Public Awareness materials call 1-800-851-6197.

Children's Services Directory

Phone/TTY: 1-800-323-4769

Provides information about the early intervention system, including access to a variety of public awareness/educational materials, and refers people to early intervention programs and service coordinators in their area. English and Spanish speaking counselors are available to answer calls.

Illinois Early Childhood Intervention Clearinghouse

• Phone/TTY: 1-800-852-4302

Loans books, videos and other materials on early childhood development (in English and Spanish) free of charge. The Clearinghouse also publishes a quarterly newsletter called Early Intervention.

Illinois Network of Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies

• Phone: 1-800-649-1884

Represents child care providers in 16 service delivery areas (SDAs) throughout the state, providing training and services for child care centers and family child care programs. Each SDA has a team of inclusion leaders and/or local resources to help providers working with special needs children.

Illinois Assistive Technology Project

• Phone/TTY: 1-800-852-5110

Provides information about adaptive equipment for all ages.

Illinois STAR NET (Support and Technical Assistance Regionally)

Regions I and III 1-309-298-1634 or 1-800-227-7537

Region II
 Region IV
 Region V
 Region V
 Region VI
 1-847-803-3565
 1-618-397-8930
 1-773-535-8470
 Region VI
 1-708-342-5370

(See the STARNET website for a map of regions)

Provides training and technical assistance, including workshops, satellite distance education, consultation, fellowships and materials to early intervention and preschool staff and families of young children ages birth to 5 who have special needs.

The Autism Program of Illinois (TAP)

Website: The Hope Institute in Springfield, Illinois

Phone: 1-217-525-8332

Website: Illinois State University at Bloomington-Normal

Phone: 1-217-244-1395

• Website: <u>Southern Illinois University at Carbondale</u>

Phone: 1-618-536-2122

Website: <u>University of Illinois at Chicago</u>

Phone: 1-312-413-4624

Website: University of Illinois at Urbana/Champaign

Phone: 1-217-244-1395

The Autism Program (TAP) is a network of resources for Autism Spectrum Disorders in Illinois. TAP provides the strategy and framework for Illinois to address the complex issues involved in diagnosis, treatment and research for the thousands of children in Illinois with ASD. TAP has developed an infrastructure to train, support, and coordinate the linkage of an informed provider network to help Illinois families.

Birth to 5: Watch Me Thrive!

• Provides information about healthy child development, and developmental and behavioral screening among children.

National Center for Latinos with Disabilities

• Phone: 1-800-532-3393

Provides free information about disability issues in Spanish.

National Lekotek Center

• Phone: 1-800-366-7529

Provides information about and resources for children with special needs, including loaning educational toys.

Children with Special Health Needs Referral Information and Resources

Illinois Department of Human Services Bureau of Disability Determination Services

• Phone: 1-800-843-6154

• TTY: 1-800-447-6404

Illinois Department of Human Services Bureau of Home Services Respite/HIV Programs

• Phone: 1-800-843-6154

• TTY: 1-800-447-6404

Illinois Department of Human Services Centers for Independent Living

Phone/TTY: 1-217-782-9689 (Springfield)

Phone/TTY: 1-312-814-4037 (Chicago)

Illinois Department of Human Services Community Resources - Transition/STEP

• Phone: 1-217-785-7751

• TTY: 1-888-845-4143

Illinois Department of Human Services Educational Services

Phone: 1-217- 524-1379TTY: 1-888- 532-4146

Illinois Department of Human Services Family and Community Services

Phone: 1-800-843-6154TTY: 1-800-447-6404

Illinois Department of Human Services Persons who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing

• Phone: 1-800-843-6154

• TTY: 1-800-447-6404

DSCC Regional Office Locator Phone: 1-800-322-3722TTY: 1-217-785-4728

Illinois School for the Deaf (ISD) Phone: 1-217-479-4200

Illinois School for the Visually Impaired (ISVI) Phone: 800-919-5617 TTY: 217-479-4415

Illinois Center for Rehabilitation and Education - Roosevelt (ICRE-R)

Phone: 1-312-433-3100TTY: 1-888-261-8561

Next Steps and Lekotek

• Phone: 1-217-525-6522

Procedure Codes Common to Healthy Kids Services Healthy Kids Program

These codes are for reference purposes only and do not replace or override current accepted billing practices and standards.

accepted billing practices and standards. Procedure Description	Recommended CPT Code
Well Child Visit	
EPSDT Well Child Visit	99381-99385 (new patient – allowed once for any provider seeing patient for the first time) 99391-99395 (established patient) (use appropriate CPT code for the medical service provided)
Make Up Visit	Use appropriate Well Child Visit Code or Evaluation and Management Code – one inter-periodic visit is permitted per year
Hearing	
Screening test, pure tone, air only	92551
Pure tone audiometry (threshold); air only	92552
Audiometry, air and bone	92553
Tympanometry (impedance testing)	92567
Otoacoustic emissions (OAE)	92558
Auditory brainstem response (ABR)	92586
Vision	
Visual function screening, automated or semi-automated,	99172 - Cannot be billed with 99393 or
bilateral quantitative determination of visual acuity ocular	in addition to any other general
alignment, color vision by pseudoisochromatic plates and	ophthalmological service or an E&M
field of vision (may include all or some screening of the	code, per CPT guidelines.
determination(s) for contrast sensitivity, vision under glare)	
Screening test visual acuity quantitative, bilateral	99173
HOTV	99173
Lea	99173
Snellen	99173
Ocular photoscreening with interpretation and report,	99174
bilateral	
Lead Screening	
Blood Lead Analysis	83655
Epidemiology (used by health departments only)	T1029
Collection of venous blood (venipuncture)	36415 U1
Collection of capillary blood specimen	36416 U1
Blood Lead Testing System CLIA waived, Blood lead	8365 QW
testing system (whole blood)	

Immunization Resources

For locations of free immunization clinics:

• CDPH 311 (in Chicago only)

1-312-746-6129

• IDPH 1-217-785-1455

For clinical questions about vaccines:

• CDC Informational Hotline 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636)

• CDPH 1-312-746-6088

1-312-746-6226

1-312-746-5382

• IDPH 1-217-785-1455

For information about or to schedule the Care Van:

CDPH 1-312-746-6122
 IDPH 1-217-785-1455

To report a vaccine preventable disease:

CDPH 1-312-746-5901
 IDPH 1-217-785-1455

To report adverse effects of immunizations:

Vaccine Adverse Events Reporting System (VAERS) 1-800-822-7967

• VFC Vaccines – Chicago 1-312-746-5382

• VFC Vaccines – IDPH 1-217-785-1455

For requirements for travel abroad:

• Phone 1-877-FYI-TRIP (toll free)

Website www.cdc.gov/travel

Immunization related websites:

- Guidelines, Q&A <u>www.cdc.gov/vaccines</u>
- "Needle Tips" newsletter, hepatitis B information, patient education materials www.immunize.org
- Current vaccine schedules (CDC) website

Internet Quick Reference Guide - The <u>Department</u>'s handbooks are designed for use via the Internet and contain hyperlinks to the pertinent information. Other helpful links also are provided.

Internet Site
Administrative Rules
All Kids Program
American Academy of Pediatrics Oral Health Initiative
American Dental Association website
Bright Smiles from Birth An Oral Health Education Technical Assistance
Care Coordination
Child Support Enforcement
Claims Processing System Issues
Early Intervention Care Coordination Provider Toolkit
Early Intervention Referral Form (HFS Form 650)
Family Community Resource Centers
<u>FamilyCare</u>
Health Benefits for Workers with Disabilities
Health Information Exchange
Healthy Active Living for Families (Patients/Family)
Healthy Active Living for Families (Providers)
Home and Community Based Waiver Services
Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services
Illinois DHS Housing Programs/Services
Illinois Food and Nutrition Education Program
Illinois Health Connect
Illinois State Board of Education
Map of Weight-Related Community Resources in Illinois
Maternal and Child Health Promotion
Medical Electronic Data Interchange (MEDI)
Medical Forms Requests
Medical Programs Forms
National Health Care for the Homeless Council
National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research
National Maternal and Child Oral Health Resource Center website
Non-Institutional Provider Resources
Ounce of Prevention Birth to Five Program Inventory
Pharmacy Information
Provider Enrollment Information
Provider Fee Schedules
Provider Handbooks
Provider Notices
Registration for E-mail Notification
State Chronic Renal Disease Program
Statewide Provider Database brochure (pdf)
Statewide Provider Database Login website
Weight-Related Clinical Care Tools and Education