

Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services

Fiscal Year 2017 Budget Overview

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HFS Mission

- Ensuring <u>quality healthcare coverage</u> at sustainable costs, <u>empowering</u> people to make sound decisions about their well-being and maintaining the highest standards of <u>program integrity</u> on behalf of the citizens of Illinois
- Ensuring families have the opportunities they deserve by enforcing child support obligations throughout the state



Child Support Services

- Division of Child Support Services (DCSS) serves almost 500,000 families who receive TANF and Medical Assistance or who are not receiving government assistance, but still need child support services
 - In FY 2015, for the tenth straight year, the Department achieved collections of more than \$1 billion, with a total of \$1.416 billion – most of it passed on to families
- FY 2017 budget assumes that only 14 cents of every child support services operational dollar comes from the General Revenue Fund



Providing Healthcare Coverage

- HFS is the largest insurer in Illinois
- Current Medical Assistance Enrollment (Nov. 2015):
 3.17 million*
 - Children: 1.50 million
 - Seniors: 190,800
 - Adults with Disabilities: 235,100
 - Other Adults: 614,400
 - ACA Adults: 632,400

^{*} Excludes enrollees in partial benefit programs



Medical Assistance Average Enrollment





Medical Assistance Fiscal Year 2017 Budget Highlights

- Maintains eligibility and healthcare services for low income residents and individuals enrolled under the Affordable Care Act
- Assumes over 66% of clients enrolled in risk-based managed care
 - Begins Managed Care in Long Term Supports and Services (MLTSS) for Medicare/Medicaid dual eligibles
- Continues efforts to rebalance the long term care system



Medical Assistance Program Integrity Efforts

- Medical Assistance Redeterminations
 - Average of 3.3 million monthly Medical Assistance clients in FY 2017
 - FY 2017 budget includes resources for timely redeterminations
 - Requires cooperation with the Department of Human Services
 - FY 2017 General Revenue Fund estimated savings: \$140 million



Inspector General – Fraud & Abuse Prevention

- In FY 2015, the Inspector General achieved \$204 million in savings, cost avoidance and recoveries
- FY 2017 budget assumes resources for the Inspector General to combat waste, fraud and abuse in the Illinois Medical Assistance program
 - Quality control on Medical Assistance eligibility determinations and provider claims
 - Data analytics to identify outlier provider and client behavior
 - Provider payment audits
 - Client asset discovery
 - Provider and client investigations



Affordable Care Act (ACA) Enrollment

- 622,400 have enrolled under the ACA as of January 2016
- Costs offset by high federal match rate
 - Federal government will pay 100% for Medicaid clients who are newly eligible through December 31,2016
 - Match rate declines to 95% on January 1, 2017
 - Continues phase down to 90% by January 1, 2020
- 629,000 estimated average monthly enrollment in FY 2016
- 641,600 projected average monthly enrollment in FY 2017



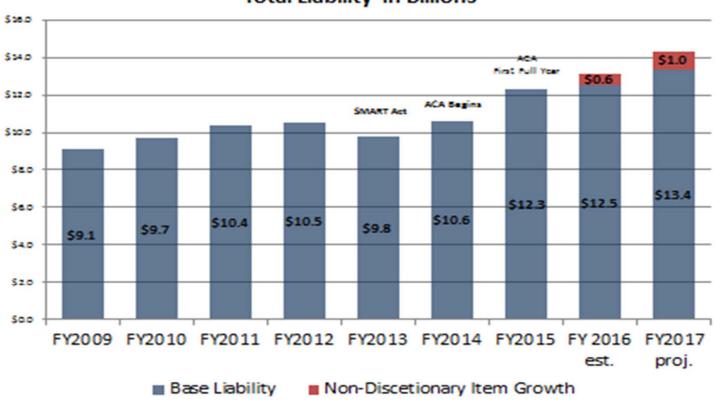
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Estimated Cost

- Fiscal Year 2016: \$2.78 billion
 - General Revenue & Related Funds: \$2.14 billion
 - Cook County: \$0.64 billion
 - \$0 net state cost (100% federally-funded)
- Fiscal Year 2017: \$2.94 billion
 - General Revenue & Related Funds: \$2.3 billion
 - \$57.6 million net state cost
 - Cook County: \$0.64 billion
 - \$16.0 million net Cook County cost
 - Federal match rate declines to 95% on January 1, 2017



Historical Medical Assistance Liability GRF and Related Funds

Total Liability in Billions





Fiscal Year 2016 Medical Assistance Budget Management Actions

 HFS is limited in Medical Assistance budget reductions it can implement without legislative action - most eligibility, service and reimbursement requirements are in state statute

 Within these limitations, HFS continues to implement Medical Assistance cost savings measures



Fiscal Year 2016 Medical Assistance Budget Management Actions

- Improve timeliness of Medical Assistance redeterminations: \$53 million savings (\$140 million annualized savings in FY17)
- Eliminate Accountable Care Entity/Coordinated
 Care Entity fees transition to risk-based
 managed care: \$30 million savings (\$60 million
 annualized savings in FY17)
- Reduce managed care capitation rates: <u>\$25</u>
 million savings
- Discontinue certain hospital fixed payments: <u>\$8</u>
 million



Fiscal Year 2017 Medical Assistance Cost Growth Driven By Non-Discretionary Items

- MLTSS managed care transfer other agency fee-for-service costs to HFS: <u>\$299 million</u>
- Annualization of Heroin Bill (PA 99-480): \$267.0
 million (\$335.9 million FY 2017 total gross cost)
- ACA liability growth: \$160.5 million
- Annualization of ACA hospital presumptive eligibility: \$95.4 million (\$121.1 million FY 2017 total gross cost)



Fiscal Year 2017 Medical Assistance Cost Growth Driven By Non-Discretionary Items

- Annualization of federal Medicare Part B and Part D cost increases: <u>\$72.6 million</u> (\$127.7 million FY 2017 total gross cost)
- Other non-discretionary items: \$76.6 million
- GRF and related fund Medical Assistance liability grows <u>1.9%</u> absent non-discretionary items



Medical Assistance Payment Processing

- Section 25 statutory caps
 - Require payment of GRF and related fund medical bills received by June 30th from current year appropriations
 - Eliminate long "budgeted" payment cycles cannot push large amounts of unpaid medical bills into future fiscal years
- HFS is generally processing GRF-related bills to the Comptroller in less than 30 days in FY 2016
- FY 2017 introduced budget will allow HFS to continue meeting the Section 25 caps



Transforming Medical Assistance

Paying for quality, value and outcomes

Maintaining healthcare coverage for **core low income beneficiaries** while driving <u>quality care</u> at <u>supportable</u> <u>costs</u>.

Actions include:

- Pay for Performance (P4P) measures for Managed Care Organizations (MCOs) to drive improvements in key quality measures for children and adults
- Assignment of beneficiaries to MCOs based on quality
- Ensure beneficiaries receive the right care, at the right place and at the right cost



Transforming Medical Assistance

Paying for quality, value and outcomes

- Continued shift to Care Coordination
 - Incorporating populations that are now mainly receiving fee for service care
- Uniformly administered Long Term Supports and Services (LTSS) assessment instrument
- Robust nursing home audits to ensure proper alignment of care and costs
- Expand community-based programs
- Integrate physical, behavioral and mental health care coordination



Transforming Care Coordination

Saving money while providing better care

- Collaboration between MCOs, ACEs and CCEs is leading to <u>powerful alignments</u> that mean improved coordination and quality
- Combining best of both worlds:
 - Managed Care Organizations offer <u>superior risk and</u> <u>quality management</u>, <u>analytics and contracting expertise</u>
 - ACEs/CCEs offer <u>vital clinical</u>, <u>community and frontline</u> <u>experience</u>
- Transforming approach from paying for quantity to paying for value and outcomes



Transforming Information Technology

Developing a state-of-the-art technology platform

- Replacing decades old systems that inhibit efficient and effective reporting, analytics and timely decision making
- New systems <u>increase efficiency</u> and <u>program</u> <u>integrity</u> while <u>reducing costs</u>
- Major system milestones:
 - Provider Enrollment System (IMPACT Phase I)
 - Integrated Eligibility System Phase II
 - Pharmacy Benefit Management System
 - Data Analytics Platform (MedInsight) Implementation
 - Medicaid Management Information System (IMPACT Phase II)

Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System



Program Area Appropriations Comparison (Dollars in Millions)

All Funds*

17 iation est \$ Change		
600.6 \$783.2		
217.4 2.0		
255.7 (14.3)		
28.9 (0.1)		
25.2 0.1		
127.7 \$770.9		
General Revenue Fund*		
091.9 \$682.6		
27.0 2.9		
49.2 (8.4)		
5.2 0.0		
173.3 \$677.0		
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1. An FY 2016 budget has not been enacted for most items. 2. Numbers may not appear to add due to rounding.