HFS 2270

Physician Certification Statement

for

Non-Emergency Transportation

Public Act 100-0646

Amended the Illinois Public Aid Code, Nursing Home Care Act and Hospital Licensing Act for development and implementation of the Physician Certification Statement (PCS).

The PCS is a single form that will be utilized by all <u>Hospitals and Long Term Care (LTC) facilities</u> when arranging non-emergency transportation.

Hospitals and LTC facilities must complete this form regardless of whether the patient is in feefor-service or enrolled in a managed care health plan.

If a Hospital or LTC facility arranges a Ground Ambulance, Medicar or Service Car transport, the facility must:

- 1) Complete a PCS
- 2) Provide a copy to the transportation provider
- 3) Maintain a copy of the form in its records for a minimum of 6 years

HFS 2270 - Physician Certification Statement (PCS)

i nysician oci incation otaten	ency Transports Only nent (PCS) for Ambula	ance Transport	
FACILITY REPRESENTATIVE - COMPLETE THIS FORM AND PRO	` '		DEDDESENTATIVE
PORTANT: A patient is only eligible for ambulance transportation if, at the time, houlance transport requests that are for the patient's preference, or because assistan because another provider with the appropriate type of service is not immediately avail rearest available appropriate provider/facility. All fields on this form are mandate rearest available.	of transport, he or she is unable to travice is needed at the origin or destination lable does not meet criteria and will	rel safely in a personal vehicle n (to navigate stairs and/or to a	, taxi, or wheelchair van.
ATIENT INFORMATION: Name:		Date of E	Birth:
Medicare Beneficiary Identification (MBI) Number:	Medicaid Recipient Ider	ntification Number (RIN):	
Commercial Carrier: Policy Numb	er:	Insured ID:	
RANSPORT INFORMATION: Type: Discharge to Home or Nursin	ng Facility Direct Admit to Hos	pital Appointment	Initial Admit to SNF
this destination the closest appropriate provider/facility? YES NO		Return to SNF	Return After ER Vis
no, why is transport beyond the closest appropriate facility?			
no, the closest appropriate facility is (name):			
this patient's stay covered under Medicare Part A? DRG: YES NO	PPS: YES NO		
this a transport to another facility for services unavailable at the originating facility?	YES NO If yes, what s	ervice? Higher level of	care Cardiac
Trauma Surgical Hyperbaric Burn Unit Dialysis	Inpatient Psychiatric Stroke	Center Neurology	Pediatrics
Debriedment Radiation Chemo MRI No Bed Available	☐ Rehab ☐ LTAC ☐ Othe	er (specify):	
Services are available at the originating hospital, but inter-hospital transport was re	equested due to: Patient Reque	st Insurance Requirem	ent
RIGINATING FACILITY (Spell out - no abbreviations):	DESTINATION (Spell out		
ame:	Name:	- no abbreviations).	
ddress:	Address:		
ity: State: Zip:	City:	State:	Zip:
(nasotracheal tube, orotracheal tube, or tracheostomy tube) prior to and during t			
S. Suctioning. The patient requires suctioning to maintain their airway, or the pating expected to require the treatment after transport. I. Intravenous Fluids. The patient requires the administration of ongoing intraven. T. Chemical Restraints or Physical Restraints. Chemical Restraints - The patient requires the administration of a chemical restraint prior to transport, and the chemical restraint is for the explicit purp. Physical Restraint - The patient requires physical restraints that are requires. 8. One-On-One Supervision. The patient requires one-on-one supervision due to	ent requires assisted ventilation and/or ous fluids prior to and during transport I restraint during transport, or is under ose of reducing a patient's functional c ad prior to transport and which are mail a condition that places the patient and mers with altered mental states	apnea monitoring, prior to and and is expected to require the the influence of a previously-ac apacity. Italined for the duration of trans or others at a risk of harm for t	treatment after transport.
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For Non-Emergency Transports Only Physician Certification Statement (PCS) for Medicar/Service Car Transport FACILITY REPRESENTATIVE - COMPLETE THIS FORM AND PROVIDE IT TO THE APPROPRIATE MEDICAR/SERVICE CAR REPRESENTATIVE IMPORTANT: A patient is only eligible for Medicar/Service Car transportation if, at the time of transport, he or she is unable to travel safely in a personal All fields on this form are mandatory and must be legible. PATIENT INFORMATION: Name: Date of Birth: Medicaid Recipient Identification Number (RIN): Policy Number: TRANSPORT INFORMATION: Type: Discharge to Home or Nursing Facility Direct Admit to Hospital Appointment Is this destination the closest appropriate provider? YES NO If no, why is transport beyond the closest appropriate provider? If no, the closest appropriate provider is (name): Is this a transport to another facility for services not available at the originating facility? YES NO ORIGINATING FACILITY (Spell out - no abbreviations): DESTINATION (Spell out - no abbreviations): City: _____ If an inter-hospital transfer, is it for: Higher level of care? Services not available at the originating hospital? Services needed but not available are: Cardiac Trauma Surgical Hyperbaric Burn Unit Inpatient Dialysis Inpatient Psychiatric Stroke Center Neurology Pediatrics Services are available at the originating hospital, but inter-hospital transport was requested due to: Patient Request Insurance Requirement MEDICAL NECESSITY/CATEGORY OF SERVICE OPTIONS: CATEGORY OF SERVICE OPTIONS: Please select the most economical category of service that will meet patient's needs: MEDICAR/WHEELCHAIR: SERVICE CAR: Public transportation that has an advertised route and Transportation of a patient whose medical Fixed Route Transportation schedule. Some examples of Fixed Route transportation condition requires the use of a hydraulic or electric lift or ramp, wheelchair lockdowns, when include: non-commercial buses, commuter trains, subway trains, the patient's condition does not require medical supervision, medical equipment, the administration of drugs or the administration of Curb to curb, shared ride transportation for Americans ADA Paratransit with Disabilities. Paratransit vehicles include hydraulic or electric lift or ramp and wheelchair lockdowns for patients that can transport independently. Transportation by passenger vehicle of a patient whose medical condition does not require a Please check all the medical conditions that apply to the patient: Ambulatory - can travel safely using fixed route transportation Wheelchair Bound Ambulatory - does not use a walking device like a walker, cane, etc. Unable to step into regular car Ambulatory - uses walking device like a walker, cane, crutches, etc. Attendant Needed Ambulatory - unable to travel by fixed route transportation Uses transfer wheelchair - able to step into a regular car Medicar Stretcher Needed CERTIFICATION. I certify that the above information is true and correct based on my evaluation of this patient at or just prior to the time of transport, and represent that the patient requires transport by a Medicar/Service Car and that other forms of transport are contraindicated. I understand that this information will be used by the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services and other payers to support the determination of medical necessity for Medicar/Service Car services. I also certify that I am a representative of the facility initiating this order and that our institution has furnished care or other services to the above named patient in the past. In the event you are unable to obtain the signature of the patient or another authorized representative, my signature below is made on behalf of the patient. Single trip/Round trip, date: Ongoing transport, start date: Signature of Licensed Medical Professional Date Signed Phone Number Must be signed only by patient's attending physician for scheduled, repetitive transports, and in such cases is only valid for 180 days. For non-repetitive, unscheduled transports, if unable to obtain the signature of the Ittending physician, any of the following may sign (please check appropriate box below): Physician - MD/DO Physician Assistant Clinical Nurse Specialist Registered Nurse Nurse Practitioner Discharge Planner LTC Medical Director Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN) Social Worker Caseworker

PCS Form

PCS is required for Non-Emergency Transports ONLY

 Needed any time a non-emergency transport originates from Hospitals or LTC Facilities

2 Sided Form – Only complete <u>one side</u> (not both)
 Front – Ground Ambulance

Back – Service Car / Medicar

PCS Form

There are 4 sections of the PCS Form:

- 1) Patient Information
- 2) Transportation Information
- 3) Medical Necessity
- 4) Certification and Signature

PCS - Patient Information

PATIENT INFORMATION: Name:		Date of Birth:
Medicare Beneficiary Identification (MBI) Number :	Medicaid Recipient Identification Number (F	RIN):
Commercial Carrier:	Policy Number: Insured II	D:

Enter All Available Information

Name and RIN are <u>required</u> for Medicaid patient

Date of Birth is also helpful especially if there are 2 participants with the same name

Policy Number and ID required for all other insurance and Medicare

PCS - Transport Information

TRANSPORT INFORMATION: Type: Discharge to Home or Nursing Facility	Direct Admit to Hospital	Appointment	Initial Admit to SNF
Is this destination the closest appropriate provider/facility?		Return to SNF	Return After ER Visit
ıτ no, wny is transport peyond the closest appropriate facility?			
If no, the closest appropriate facility is (name):			

SINGLE OR ROUND TRIP TRANSPORTS

Type of Transport – <u>Must</u> check 1 box of 6.

Closest Appropriate Facility

- Must check "yes or no".
- If no, must give reasoning and provide name of closest appropriate facility.

"Appropriate" includes patient's condition, availability of service to meet patient's needs

PCS - Transport Information (cont'd)

Is this patient's stay covered under Medicare Part A? DRG: YES NO PPS: YES NO			
Is this a transport to another facility for services unavailable at the originating facility?			
Trauma Surgical Hyperbaric Burn Unit Dialysis Inpatient Psychiatric Stroke Center Neurology Pediatrics			
Debriedment Radiation Chemo MRI No Bed Available Rehab LTAC Other (specify):			
Services are available at the originating hospital, but inter-hospital transport was requested due to: Patient Request Insurance Requirement			

SINGLE TRANSPORT

Medicare Part A (DRG/PPS) – Must check yes, no or unknown

IF INTER-HOSPITAL TRANSFER

Service Availability at Originating Facility – <u>Must</u> check yes & the appropriate service not available at originating facility or no if not a hospital transfer

If Services are available, must check the box and check reasoning

- "Patient Request" applies when services are available and patient still wants to leave
- "Insurance Requirement"

PCS - Transport Information (cont'd)

ORIGINATING FACILITY (Spell out - no abbreviations): Name:	DESTINATION (Spell out - no abbreviations): Name:
Address:	Address:
City:Zip:	City: State: Zip:

Originating Facility and Destination – Must include all available information. No abbreviations!

AMBULANCE—Valid for up to 60 days

MEDICAR/SERVICE CAR —Valid for up to 180 days

PCS - Medical Necessity (Ambulance)

MEDICAL NECESSITY FOR AMBULANCE - COMPLETE ALL THAT APPLY TO PATIENT:
1. Is the patient "bed confined"? To be "bed confined", the patient must be unable to get up from bed without assistance, unable to ambulate and unable to sit in a chair or wheelchair.
Solution Precautions. The patient has a diagnosed or suspected communicable disease or hazardous material exposure and must be isolated from the <u>public, or</u> has a medical condition and must be protected from public exposure.
3. Oxygen. The patient requires the administration of supplemental oxygen by a third party assistant/attendant, or that the patient requires the regulation or adjustment of oxygen prior to and during transport, and is expected to require the treatment after transport.
4. Ventilation/Advanced Airway Management. The patient requires advanced continuous airway management by means of an artificial airway through tracheal intubation (nasotracheal tube, orotracheal tube, or tracheostomy tube) prior to and during transport, and is expected to require the treatment after transport.
5. Suctioning. The patient requires suctioning to maintain their airway, or the patient requires assisted ventilation and/or apnea monitoring, prior to and during transport, and is expected to require the treatment after transport.
6. Intravenous Fluids. The patient requires the administration of ongoing intravenous fluids prior to and during transport and is expected to require the treatment after transport.
7. Chemical Restraints or Physical Restraints.
Chemical Restraints - The patient requires the administration of a chemical restraint during transport, or is under the influence of a previously-administered chemical restraint prior to transport, and the chemical restraint is for the explicit purpose of reducing a patient's functional capacity.
Physical Restraint - The patient requires physical restraints that are required prior to transport and which are maintained for the duration of transport.
8. One-On-One Supervision. The patient requires one-on-one supervision due to a condition that places the patient and/or others at a risk of harm for the duration of the transport. Elopement Risk Danger to Self or Others Dementia/Alzheimers with altered mental states
9. Specialized Monitoring. The patient requires cardiac and/or respiratory monitoring, or hemodynamic monitoring, prior to, during and after transport.
10. Special Handling/Positioning. The patient requires specialized handling for the purpose of positioning during transport due to: Decubitus Ulcers on the (location):
Buttocks Coccyx Hip with (stage): Stage 2 Stage 3 Stage 4 Contractures: Upper Body Lower Body Hands
11. Clinical Observation. The patient requires clinical observation due to:
12. Unable to maintain a safe sitting position for the length of the time of transport due to:
13. Other (specify):

Check **ALL** boxes that apply

PCS - Medical Necessity (Medicar/Service Car)

MEDICAL NECESSITY/CATEGORY OF SERVICE OPTIONS: CHOOSE ONLY ONE SIDE CATEGORY OF SERVICE OPTIONS: Please select the most economical category of service that will meet patient's needs: SERVICE CAR: MEDICAR/WHEELCHAIR:			
Fixed Route Transportation	Public transportation that has an advertised route and schedule. Some examples of Fixed Route transportation include: non-commercial buses, commuter trains, subway trains, and elevated trains.	Medicar	Transportation of a patient whose medical condition requires the use of a hydraulic or electric lift or ramp, wheelchair lockdowns, when the patient's condition does not require medical supervision, medical equipment, the
ADA Paratransit	Curb to curb, shared ride transportation for Americans with Disabilities. Paratransit vehicles include hydraulic or electric lift or ramp and wheelchair lockdowns for patients that can transport independently.		administration of drugs or the administration of oxygen, etc.
Private Auto, Service Car, Taxi	Transportation by passenger vehicle of a patient whose medical condition does not require a specialized mode.		
Please check all the medical co	nditions that apply to the patient:		
Ambulatory - can travel safely using fixed route transportation		Wheelchair Bound	
Ambulatory - does not use a walking device like a walker, cane, etc.		Unable to step into regular car Attendant Needed	
Ambulatory - uses walking device like a walker, cane, crutches, etc.			
Ambulatory - unable to travel by fixed route transportation			
Uses transfer wheelchair - able to step into a regular car		Medicar Stretcher Needed	
Attendant Needed			

Category of Service Options

Must Check which Category of Service (not both)

Left side for Service Car and Fixed Route transports (no assistance needed)

Right side for Medicar (requires lift or ramp but no medical supervision)

PCS - Medical Necessity (Medicar/Service Car (cont'd)

Please check all the medical conditions that apply to the patient:	
Ambulatory - can travel safely using fixed route transportation	Wheelchair Bound
Ambulatory - does not use a walking device like a walker, cane, etc.	Unable to step into regular car
Ambulatory - uses walking device like a walker, cane, crutches, etc.	Unable to step into regular car
Ambulatory - unable to travel by fixed route transportation	Attendant Needed
Uses transfer wheelchair - able to step into a regular car	Medicar Stretcher Needed
Attendant Needed	

Left side for Service Car and Fixed Route transports

Right side for Medicar

Only complete one side of form

<u>Must</u> check **ALL** medical conditions that apply (at least 1 condition) under specific Category of Service

PCS - Signature and Certification

<u>CERTIFICATION</u> . I certify that the above information is true and correct based on my evaluation of this patient at or just prior to the time of transport, and represent that the patient requires transport by ambulance and that other forms of transport are contraindicated. I understand that this information will be used by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services and other payers to support the determination of medical necessity for ambulance services. I also certify that I am a representative of the facility initiating this order and that our institution has furnished care or other services to the <u>above named</u> patient in the past. In the event you are unable to obtain the signature of the patient or another authorized representative, my signature below is made on behalf of the patient pursuant to 42 CFR §424.38(b)(4).			
Single trip/Round trip, date:	Ongoing transport, start date:	and expiration date:	

Check the appropriate box for Single Trip or Ongoing Transport

- Must include <u>date of transport</u> for Single or Round Trip Transport
- Must include <u>expiration date</u> for Ongoing Transport

For Ongoing Transports:

AMBULANCE – Valid for up to 60 days

Medicar/Service Car – Valid for up to 180 days

PCS - Certification and Signature (cont'd)

Signature of Licensed Medical Professional	Date Signed	Printed Name of Ordering Physician (mandatory)	
Printed Name of Licensed Medical Professional Phone Number of Individual Completing Form:			
*Must be signed only by patient's attending physician for scheduled, repetitive transports, and in such cases is only valid for 60 days. For non-repetitive, unscheduled transports, if unable to obtain the signature of the attending physician, any of the following may sign (please check appropriate box below):			
Physician - MD/DO Physician Assistant Clinical Nurse Specialist Register	red Nurse Nur	se Practitioner Discharge Planner LTC Medical Director	
Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN) Social Worker	Caseworker		
HFS 2270 (R-7-20)	1-0082 (200)		

Licensed Medical Professionals / Attending Physician must:

- Sign Form
- <u>Must</u> include date signed
- Check appropriate box of title/credentials
- LEGIBLY print full name of both signer and physician
- Include telephone number to be contacted with questions

PCS - Items to Remember

- PCS forms are for Non-Emergency Transports only!
- Hospitals and LTC facilities must complete this form regardless of whether the patient is in fee-for-service or enrolled in a managed care health plan.
- Use the most current form currently HFS 2270 (R-7-20)
- Only complete the page applicable to the transport. Ambulance side for Ambulance trips or Medicar/Service Car side for Medicar/Service Car trips.
- Form must be kept in medical record for a minimum of 6 years
- Electronic signatures are permitted
- Make sure all pertinent information is included on form.
- Double check to make sure member is eligible for transport
- PCS forms are sent to First Transit when the transport is for Fee for Service (both Medicar/Service Car and Ambulance) and Managed Care eligible patients for ambulance transports only
- Providers must work with the other insurances (Medicare, HealthChoice Illinois, private, commercial, etc) for instructions on where to send PCS.
- The PCS is not required prior to transport if it would cause a delay that would negatively affect the patient outcome. The hospital/LTC is required to provide the PCS form to the provider within 10 days.
- Print legibly or type into form!