

# “Pathways to Community Living”

## MFP Stakeholder Meeting

### Agenda

April 17th – 10:00 a.m. to Noon

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|--|------------------|
| I. MFP/Pathways Update   | Lora McCurdy     |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Operational Protocol Revisions</li><li>• Transition Targets – CY 13</li><li>• Outreach: MFP Video &amp; On-line Referral Form – Stakeholder feedback</li></ul> |                  |
| II. Colbert Implementation   | Paul Bennett     |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Status Report</li><li>• Coordination with MFP</li></ul>  |                  |
| III. Ligas Implementation  | Tony Records     |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Status Report</li><li>• Coordination with MFP</li></ul>  |                  |
| IV. Balancing Incentive Program  | Lora McCurdy     |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Status of Application</li><li>• Stakeholder Involvement</li></ul>  |                  |
| V. Section 811 Project Rental Assistance   | Dan Burke & IHDA |
| VI. State Agency Updates   |                  |

## Medicaid Transition Progress towards Goals by Population

Transitions from January 1 through March 31, 2013

	Transition Goals-CY13	Jan-2013	Feb-2013	March-2013	CY13 Totals to Date	CY13 Balance Remaining	CY13 % of Goal to Date
Elderly (DOA)	70	7	7	7	21	49	30.00%
Physical Disability (DRS)	82	10	6	5	21	61	25.61%
Developmental/Intellectual Disability (DDD)	140	0	0	0	0	140	0%
Serious Mental Illness (DMH)	30	7	10	2	19	11	63.33%
Colbert (Elderly, PD, SMI)	285	0	0	0	0	285	0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>10.05%</b>

## BALANCING INCENTIVE PROGRAM

**Summary:** The Balancing Incentive Program (BIP), authorized under Section 10202 of the Affordable Care Act, provides States with a financial incentive to increase access to non-institutionally based long-term services and supports (LTSS). Through the provision of enhanced Medicaid matching funds<sup>i</sup>, the BIP will benefit States that need financial assistance to further their long term care rebalancing initiatives. To participate and be eligible to receive enhanced Medicaid matching funds, States must commit to implementing structural changes in their community-based LTSS systems, as described below.

**Requirements on the State:** To qualify for enhanced federal match (FMAP), the BIP requires States to implement three structural changes, including a No Wrong Door/Single Entry Point System, conflict-free case management services, and the development of core standardized assessment instruments. Additionally, States are required to make progress towards increasing their total Medicaid expenditures on home and community-based LTSS no later than September 30, 2015. BIP States must agree to use the enhanced FMAP only for purposes of providing new or expanded home and community-based LTSS. The enhanced FMAP is available through September 30, 2015 or until the \$3 billion appropriated by Congress for BIP-related activity is expended.

**Structural Changes:** The goals of the three structural changes include ensuring that individuals have the same access to information and resources on LTSS, regardless of their entry point into the system; individuals are assessed once for the entire range of LTSS for which they may be eligible; eligibility determination and enrollment process proceeds in a streamlined manner, with the functional and financial components of eligibility coordinated; and the establishment of conflict of interest standards to ensure independent evaluation and assessment processes.

**BIP Benefits to Illinois:** The implementation of three Olmstead Consent Decrees, the continued closure of State facilities, and the expansion of managed care create a unique opportunity for Illinois to coordinate its LTSS entry points, develop a uniform assessment tool that collects consistent data across disability populations and across delivery systems. Illinois is already moving forward with analyzing its multiple assessment tools in order to develop a tool(s) that considers individuals from a holistic perspective rather than our current compartmentalized approaches.

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<sup>i</sup> The percentage of increased matching payment is tied to the percentage of a State's non-institutional LTSS spending as a proportion of total long term care spending, including institutional long term care.



OFFICE OF GOVERNOR PAT QUINN

# NEWS

**FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:**

Tuesday, February 12, 2013

## **Governor Quinn Announces Federal \$12 Million HUD Award to Advance Supportive Housing Efforts in Illinois**

*Federal Award Will Help People with Disabilities Access Affordable Rental Housing in Communities Across Illinois*

CHICAGO - February 12, 2013. Governor Pat Quinn was joined today by representatives from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to announce an \$11.98 million award that will strengthen Illinois' efforts to allow people with disabilities to live independently in the community of their choice. The award will make up to 826 apartments affordable for people who have special needs, and are in financial need, across the state. HUD officials awarded the grant under the Section 811 Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities program.

Today's announcement builds on Governor Quinn's commitment to improve the lives of people with developmental disabilities and mental health challenges in Illinois.

"Investing in people is the most important thing we can do," Governor Pat Quinn said. "We're committed to making sure all our citizens – regardless of the challenges they face - have the opportunity to reach their full potential. These resources will not only help us provide a home for people who need one, but also the skills training, counseling and services they need to become productive members of their communities."

Under Governor Quinn's leadership, Illinois has made historic progress to rebalance its housing and care for people with disabilities, moving away from an overreliance on outdated institutions and moving towards a community-based care model. The governor closed two institutions in the last two years and invested more resources into housing and community services

The state has also committed significant resources to building permanent supportive housing units. However, many persons with special needs still cannot access housing because their only source of income, Supplemental Security Income or Social Security Disability Insurance, is not enough for most affordable rental housing. Housing only becomes accessible to people with disabilities who are low-income when rental subsidies are provided. The HUD award announced today bridges the gap between the required rental amount and what extremely low-income tenants can pay.

"Two federal agencies are working together to solve real problems and offer real and lasting solutions for persons who might otherwise be institutionalized or living on our streets," HUD Deputy Secretary Maurice Jones said. "Governor Quinn and our Illinois partners will use this money to help reduce health care costs, and improve quality of life for more than 800 persons with disabilities."

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# NEWS

HUD hosted a competitive application process for the Section 811 awards and the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA), the state's housing finance agency, received the third-largest award in the country.

IHDA will award the rental subsidy to owners of eligible properties via one or more competitive application rounds. Each rental subsidy awarded will have an initial term of five years with renewals for up to 20 years. The State Referral Network will link potential tenants to participating property owners. To qualify, potential tenants must be extremely low income, which is defined as making up to 30 percent of the median income for the area – or \$15,480 in the Chicago area or \$14,130 in Springfield, for a one-person household.

“Governor Quinn has recognized the need to create more community-based housing opportunities for people with special needs and he has dedicated significant resources to meeting that need,” IHDA Executive Director Mary R. Kenney said. “Thanks to this new federal resource, Illinois can continue to eliminate barriers to safe and decent housing opportunities for our most vulnerable residents and help them access the resources and skills that will improve their quality of life.”

Under Governor Quinn's leadership, \$94 million was committed to the creation of 525 units of supportive housing in 2012. This investment added to \$36 million invested in 2011 for 193 units. Also in 2012, Governor Quinn signed a new law to enable landlords providing supportive housing units to apply for rental subsidy under the state's Rental Housing Support Program. The program is funded through a \$10 fee collected from real estate document recordings.

More information will be available at [www.ihda.org](http://www.ihda.org) when IHDA begins accepting program applications later this year.

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